MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2007 question paper

9702 PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

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Question 1					
Manipulation, measurement and observation					
Successful colle	ection of data				

(a)	(i)	Diameter of wire. 2 d.p. (mm) in raw data. Allow 0.195 or 0.190 mm. (0.19 mm – 0.02 mm or SV – 0.02 mm). Consistent unit. Unit needed.	[1]
	(i)	Repeat measurement	[1]
(c)	6 m Five Fou Thre Maj Min Min (e.g	easurements in table e marks for six sets of readings for V and I r marks for five sets ee marks for four sets, etc. or or unspecified help 2 (e.g. setting up circuit) or help: 1 (e.g. minor changes with circuit) AND 1 (help with reading icrometer) easonable values of V 1 . Voltage values are the same ($V_{max} = V_{min} < 0.5V$), wrong trend	
	(1,	V) or if any one value of V < 0.5 V.)	[5]
Range	and	distribution of values	
(c)	(I _{max}	I _{min}) must be greater than or equal to 70 cm. Ignore POT error.	[1]
Present	tatio	n of data and observations	
	layot		
(c)	Colu Eac Igno The (i.e.	umn headings: V/V; I/cm; I/A/m ⁻⁺ . h column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropriate. ore units in the body of the table. Ignore POT errors. re must be some distinguishing mark between the quantity and the unit solidus is expected, but accept, for example, I (cm)).	[1]
Table: r	raw c	data	
(c)	Cor All \ I rea	isistency of presentation of raw readings values of I must be given to the same number of decimal places. ad to 1 mm or 1 cm	[1]
Table: d	calcu	ulated quantities	
(c)	Sigr I/A s sign	nificant figures. Apply to I/A. should be given to the same number or one more than the lowest number of ificant figures from I or raw values of d.	[1]

(c) Values of I/A correct using candidate s figures. Allow small rounding errors. Check a value. If incorrect, write in the correct value. Ignore POT error. [1]

Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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Graph: layo	out				
(Graph) Axe Ser Sca the Sca	es. If v nsible ales m grapl ales m	wrong graph plotted (e.g. I against I/A) do not award m scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) are nust be chosen so that the plotted points occupy at lea h grid in both x and y directions. Allow inverted axes. nust be labelled with the quantity which is being plotted	ark. not allowed. st half I. Ignore units.	[1]	
Graph: plot	ting	of points			
(Graph) All Rin Wo	obser g and rk to a	vations must be plotted. No blobs (points [half a sma I check a suspect plot. Tick if correct. Re-plot if incorre an accuracy of half a small square.	all square). ct.	[1]	
Graph: tren	id line	e			
(Graph) Line Do Jud The Ind	e of b not a Ige by ere m icate	est fit. Allow 1 point off. At least 5 trend plots needed. ward mark if large scatter. y scatter of points about the candidate's line. ust be a fair scatter of points either side of the line. best line if candidate's line is not the best line.		[1]	
Quality of d	lata				
(Graph) Jud All At I	lge by plotte east !	y scatter of points about the best fit line. Allow up to – 0 d points are assessed for this mark. 5 plots needed. If V constant do not award mark.).05V.	[1]	
Analysis, c	onclu	isions and evaluation			
Interpretatio	on of	graph			
(d) (iii)	Grad The Rea unle Che	dient hypotenuse of the must be at least half the length of d-offs must be accurate to half a small square. Do not ss on the line of best fit. Write in correct read off. ck for y/ x (i.e. do not allow x/ y).	the drawn line. allow table value	es [1]	
(d) (iii)	y-int The The If a f	ercept value must be read to the nearest half square. value can be calculated using ratios or y = mx + c. Inc alse origin has been used then label FO.	orrect algebra	1. [1]	
Drawing co	nclus	sions			
(e) Val Sho	ue foi ould b	r k, 0.5 V Y k Y 2.5 V be y-intercept. Unit required. 2 or 3 SF.		[1]	
(e) Val Mu: 2 ol Ser	ue foi st cor r 3SF nsible	r I, 0.05 A Y I Y 0.20 A ne from gradient. Working must be checked. Unit req answer checked using candidate s figures into correc	uired A (V ⁻¹). t substitution. m=	= I [1]	

[Total: 20]

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Question 2

Manipulation, measurement and observation

Successful collection of data

(a)	 (iii) Position of end of rule at equilibrium. Nearest cm or mm. < 1m Consistent unit. 	[1]
(b)	First value of d between 1 and 5 cm. If lowest position given write in correct value of d.	[1]
(b)	First value of highest position within 5 cm of the equilibrium position.	[1]
(d)	Second value of d. Different value to the first. Allow out of range.	[1]
(d)	Second value of highest position.	[1]
(d)	Repeated measurements for highest position (evidence from (b) or (d))	[1]
Quality	of data	
(d)	Bigger d gives bigger x. Check with corrected values of d and x. If $d < x$ in either case or if $d = x$ in both cases, this loses the mark.	[1]
Presen	tation of data and observations	
Display	of calculation and reasoning	
(b)	First value of x calculated correctly Calculation must be checked. Write down the correct value if answer wrong.	[1]
(d)	Second value of x calculated correctly Calculation must be checked. Write down the correct value if answer wrong.	[1]
(e)	Correct calculation to check proportionality ecf if candidates value of d is the lowest positive calculations of x/d	tion.
	ratio of x values and ratio of d values both calculated	[1]
Analys	is, conclusions and evaluation	
Drawin	g conclusions	
(e)	Conclusion based on calculation. Consistent argument. Incorrect ideas score zero.	[1]
Estima	ting uncertainties	
(c)	Percentage uncertainty in x Allow uncertainty in x; 2 mm Y x Y 10 mm. If repeated readings have been done then the uncertainty could be half the range. Correct ratio idea required x 100 stated/implied.	[1]

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Identifying limitations

- (f) (i) Relevant points must be underlined and ticked. Some of these might be:
 - **A** Only two readings (are not enough to draw a valid conclusion).
 - **B** Hard to judge/see (when/where) <u>highest position</u> with reference to movement. Do not accept reaction time ideas.
 - **C** Parallax (error) or good diagram demonstrating this.
 - **D** Difficulty in release/keeping rule still prior to release (reference to force).
 - **E** Equilibrium position changes with evidence shown in measurements.
 - **X** Other additional source of error.

Suggesting improvements

- (f) (ii) Relevant points must be underlined and ticked.4 Some of these might be:
 - **A** Take more readings <u>and plot a graph/calculate k values</u>.
 - B High speed (camera to take) photographs/film the motion and <u>play back</u> frame by frame/ slow motion/ use pause OR motion/position sensor above/ below mass OR trial and error with light gate/ horizontal marker.
 - **C** Measure at eye level/repeat to get eye in right place/ place rule as close as possible to vertical rule/use helper to release or measure/use mounted pin at end of rule (to help locate position on scale).
 - **D** Use a named method to release the rule e.g. cotton and candle or scissors/electromagnet/end stop or clamp.
 - **X** cm rule use a mm rule. Need to see evidence in their previous measurements that their readings are taken to the nearest cm or 0.5 cm.
 - **Y** Other additional solution, well explained.

Do not allow repeated readings, vacuum, draft free room Do not allow use a computer to improve the experiment Do not allow increase range/change load on ruler/change length of ruler/changing quality of ruler [4]

[Total: 20]

[4]