

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

0544 ARABIC (FOREIGN LANGUAGE)

0544/42

Paper 4 (Writing), maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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1 General Marking Principles

1.1 Crossing out:

- (a) If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the **final** attempt is correct.
- (b) If a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

1.2 For Questions 2 and 3, if the candidate has written an answer in the space provided for that purpose, you should ignore anything written anywhere else, unless:

- (i) there is an indication from the candidate that other material should be considered
- (ii) the candidate has continued their answer outside the space provided
- (iii) there is no answer in the space provided

1.3 Annotation used in the Mark Scheme and/or Marking:

- (a) tc = 'tout court' and means that on its own the material is not sufficient to score the mark.
- (b) BOD = Benefit of the Doubt and is used to indicate material considered by the Examiner and judged to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded.

1.4 No response and '0' marks

Award NR (No Response):

- If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or
- If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. 'can't do' or 'don't know') or
- If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

Award 0:

- If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the candidate copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whether crossed out or not.

1.5 **Optional questions:** you must mark all questions attempted by the candidate. Where a question has not been attempted then a NR must be entered. (For Question 3 only, after marking the question(s) the candidate has answered, NR is populated automatically when you click on 'Complete'.) Where the candidate attempts more than one of the alternatives in Question 3, scoris will automatically only aggregate the candidate's best result.

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Detailed mark scheme

SECTION 1

Question 1

Candidates are required to list 8 items in Arabic. Read all the items the candidate has listed and award marks as follows:

- Select the most correct items up to a maximum of 5
- Award 1 mark for each correct item up to a maximum of 5

NB the pictures provided on the question paper are only suggestions. Accept any item the candidate could find on the beach or seaside.

Generic mark scheme for Question 1

- Answers should be marked for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies provided the message is clear:
 - 'If in doubt, sound it out': if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like the correct answer?
 - Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer?
 - Ignore any article.

Session specific instructions for Question 1: الأشياء التي تراها على شاطئ البحر

- The following are examples. Accept any item the candidate could see at the seaside.

ACCEPT	
سمك	حوت
شمسية/ مظلة	
قارب/ مركب	مركب شراعي
كرة	كرة قدم
حلوى	
ماء	زجاجة ماء/ زجاجة ماء
أولاد	أطفال/ شباب/ صبية
بنات/ نساء	فتيات/ شابات
صبيان	
سباح	
أيس كريم/ متلجات	دكان/ متجر/ محل أيس كريم

[Total for Question 1: 5 marks]

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Question 2

Candidates are required to answer the question. Read the whole answer and award marks as follows:

- **Communication:** award a mark out of 10 according to the instructions in 2.1
- **Language:** award a mark out of 5 according to the instructions in 2.2.

2.1: award a mark out of 10 for Communication

Generic mark scheme for Communication (Question 2)

1 tick per item communicated (covering the 3–5 tasks) up to a maximum of 10

- (i) Place the appropriate ‘numbered’ tick as close as possible to each relevant communication point.
- (ii) Award ticks flexibly across the tasks for each piece of relevant information conveyed up to a maximum of 10. HOWEVER, each of the 3 tasks must be covered to get the 10 communication marks:
- If 1 of the tasks is missing, the maximum communication mark is 9.
 - If 2 of the tasks are missing, the maximum communication mark is 8.
- (iii) Add up the ticks to give a mark out of 10 for Communication.
- (iv) For COMMUNICATION be tolerant of verbs/tenses/spelling (for spelling, use ‘rules’ in Question 1: look alike, sound alike, etc.).
- (v) LISTS = a maximum of 3 marks for communication: lists of 1-3 items = 1 mark; lists of 4 items = 2 marks; lists of 5-6 items = 3 marks
- (vi) Only reward each piece of information once.
- (vii) Do not penalise factual errors.

[Total marks for Communication: 10]

Session specific instructions for Communication marks (Question 2):

أنت تحب الرياضة، وطلب منك معلم الرياضة أن تكون فرقة رياضية صغيرة في مدرستك.
اكتب رسالة قصيرة (80–90 كلمة) إلى صديقك مستعيناً بالنقاط التالية:

Tick	Accept
1	فوائد الرياضة التي تفضلها. ACCEPT: Identifying favourite sport. ACCEPT: Reasons why/ why not sport is good, even if not clear whether or not they like sport As long as either is given, consider task complete.
2	كيف تساعد هذه الرياضة في جمع شباب المدرسة؟ REWARD: any form of description: e.g. anything about how the candidate participates with others in sports- place, how frequent, type, clothes, food, any activities, etc. ACCEPT: ‘I do not think sport helps.’ With reasons.
3	كيف ترى مستقبل هذه الفرقة الرياضية في السنوات القادمة؟ REWARD: Develop team, grow in number, more active, and create bonds between members. ACCEPT: reason why candidate wants to participate in sports. As long as either given, consider task complete.

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2.2: award a mark out of 5 for Language

Generic mark scheme for Language (Question 2):

- Award a mark out of 5 for Language according to the Grade descriptors in the table below (see *Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors* (last page of mark scheme):

Grade descriptors for Language (Question 2)

5	Straightforward vocabulary and structure. The style of writing is basic, but reasonably coherent. Use of a limited range of verbs, generally successful. More accuracy than inaccuracy.
4	Basic vocabulary and structure. Some awareness of verb usage, but inconsistent. The writing is sufficiently accurate for meaning to be conveyed.
3	Very basic vocabulary and structure. Little awareness of verb usage (e.g. infinitives regularly used instead of finite verbs). Despite regular errors, the writing often conveys some meaning.
2	A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.
1	Disjointed words or short phrases, one or two of them accurate enough to be comprehensible.
0	One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.

[Total marks for language: 5]

[Total for Question 2: 15 marks]

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SECTION 2

Question 3

Candidates answer 1 question from a choice of 3. Read the whole answer and award marks, as follows:

- **Communication:** award a mark out of 10 according to the instructions in 3.1
- **Language:** award a mark out of 8 for Verbs according to the instructions in 3.2
award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features according to the instructions in 3.3.

3.1 – award a mark out of 10 for Communication

Generic mark scheme for Communication (Question 3):

Place up to 2 ‘numbered’ ticks as close as possible to each relevant communication point (see tables below for details):

When two “reactions” are required in Question 3:

- If the reaction carries same meaning, consider it one reaction, e.g.: سعيد ومسرور is considered one reaction.
- If it carries two different meaning consider it two reactions even if it was listed. e.g.: سعيد ومتعب could be considered two reactions.

- The mark scheme will identify 5 tasks for each Question 3 (please note ‘tasks; may not correspond to bullet points’ on the question paper). In accordance with the mark scheme, award up to a maximum of 2 ticks for each of these 5 tasks.
- For each relevant communication point, use the appropriate numbered tick and place up to 2 of these ticks as close as possible to each relevant communication point (see session-specific tables for further guidance).

2 ticks	Message clearly communicated (in the appropriate time frame). Minor errors (adjective endings, use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.
1 tick	Communication of some meaning is achieved but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete. (irrespective of time frame, attempt at an appropriate verb is made, verb may be incorrect but recognisable)
0 ticks	Nothing of worth communicated.

- Add up the ticks to give a mark out of 10 for Communication.
Where communication of the task is not achieved, **do not** annotate script.

For each task identified in the mark scheme, reward the best attempt, **but only** reward a single attempt.

[Total marks for Communication: 10]

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Generic guidance on awarding ticks for Communication

Example 1: كيف تقضي أيام العطلة عادة؟

Candidate's response	Ticks for Communication	Reason for mark
نعم قضيت العطلة.	0	Nothing of worth communicated.
أنا تعمل في مكتب أبي.	1	Some meaning conveyed – use of تعمل makes message ambiguous.
عملت في مكتب أبي.	2	Message clearly communicated.

Example 2:

Candidate's response	Ticks for Communication	Reason for mark
مع من ذهبت للتسوق.	0	Nothing of worth communicated.
ذهبت للتسوق في المدينة.	1	Some meaning is conveyed but the message is incomplete.
ذهبت للتسوق مع صديقي في المدينة.	2	Message clearly communicated.

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Session-specific instructions for Communication marks (Question 3):

3 steps to award Communication marks:

- 1) Check against Communication task (table) Has the task been attempted? (no attempt → no Comm. tick)
- 2) Find the best attempt at the task
- 3) In that task, is the message clear (2 ticks) or unclear (1 tick) or absent (0 ticks)? (see example table above)

Place up to 2 'numbered' ticks as close as possible to each relevant communication point:

2 ticks	Message clearly communicated. Minor errors (adjective endings use of prepositions etc.) are tolerated.
1 tick	Communication of some meaning is achieved but the message may be ambiguous or incomplete.
0 ticks	Nothing of worth communicated.

- **Question 3(a): You were asked by the head teacher to organise a charity event. Write a letter to a friend explaining:**

Tick	Accept	Mark
1	Description of the importance of the event. For 2 Comm ticks don't insist on past or present tense	2
2	Description of the programme of the event. Allow anything sensible	2
3	Candidate's opinion of how successful was the event. For 2 Comm ticks Insist on opinion Allow anything sensible	2
4	What will happen to the money collected at the event? For 2 Comm ticks Insist on future يمكن شراء كتب للمكتبة المدرسية/ إعطاء المال لمنظمة الرعاية الاجتماعية/ مساعدة الأطفال المعاقين. The above are examples only.	2
5	Communication marks to be awarded flexibly for expansion in point(1), (2), (3) or (4)	2

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- **Question 3(b): During the summer holiday, you went to watch a famous film about your country. Write an article to the school website:**

Tick	Accept	Mark
1	<p>Description of the film that you watched. For 4 Comm ticks don't insist on past or present tense اشرح الفيلم/ اشرح معنى الفيلم/ وضح مكان عرض الفيلم/ فيلم وطني/ عاطفي/ بولييسي/ مغامرات/ جاسوسي e.g. Patriotic film/ romantic/ detective/ adventure/ spy. Explain the film/ explain the meaning of the film/ make clear where it is showing</p>	2+2
2	<p>Description of what you liked about the film, <u>and why?</u> For 2 Comm ticks insist on past tense, and For 2 Comm ticks insist on opinion/ reason خيال جميل/ مناظر جميلة / قصة رائعة/ تمثيل جيد e.g.: Beautiful imagination/ lovely sceneries / nice story/ good acting</p>	2+2
3	<p>Explain how you will encourage your friends to go and see the film. Insist on future tense. Allow anything sensible.</p>	2

- **Question 3(c): You participated with your friend in a summer camp to raise awareness about the environment in your town. Write an essay including the following:**

Tick	Accept	Mark
1	<p>Description of the camp that you went to. For 4 Comm ticks don't insist on past tense Examples: معسكر نظيف/ منظم/ هادف/ تخصصي/ مرضي للطموح</p>	2+2
2	<p>Description of environmental problems in your town. Allow anything sensible</p>	2
3	<p>Description of how will the camp contribute to solving the environmental problems in the future. For 2 Comm ticks insist on future tense. Expect opinions</p>	2
4	<p>Communication marks to be awarded flexibly for expansion in point (2), or (3)</p>	2

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3.2 – award a mark out of 8 for Accurate use of verbs

Generic mark scheme for Accurate use of verbs (Question 3):

- (i) Place a tick above the **first occurrence of each correct verb** up to a maximum of **18 ticks** (details of how to award ticks are provided below)
- (ii) Convert the total number of ticks to a mark out of 8 using the Conversion table below

Conversion table for Accurate use of verbs (Question 3)

Number of ticks	Mark
18+	8
16,17	7
14,15	6
12,13	5
10,11	4
8,9	3
6,7	2
4,5	1
0,1,2,3	0

[Total marks for Accurate use of verbs: 8]

How to award ticks for Accurate use of verbs (Question 3):

- Both subject and verb must be correct for the verb to score a tick. Subject (=noun or pronoun including article or possessive) + any finite verb
- Disregard adjectives, relative clauses, qualifiers and modifiers when looking at the 'subject'
- Minor spelling errors in the subject will be tolerated
- Tolerate inaccuracies in the writing of *hamza* (ء)
- Do not tick verbs contained in the 'letter etiquette': appropriate beginnings and endings to letters are considered for reward under *Other linguistic features*.
- Verb must be in the appropriate tense to score a tick (see session-specific tables on tenses)

Tick	No tick	Note
(✓)، أَلْعَبُ (✓)، تَلْعَبُ (✓) يَلْعَبُ		
لَعِبْتُ (✓2)، لَعِبْتَ (✓2)، لَعِبَ (✓)		
التلاميذ يلعبون (✓2)	(no tick) التلاميذ يلعبُ	Incorrect match between verb and subject
سوف أسافر (✓2)، سأكتب (✓2)، قد أرحل (✓)		

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Singular verb used correctly with the following plural noun subject

Tick	No tick	Note
يلعب (✓) الأولاد	يلعبوا (no tick) الأولاد	
يأكل (✓) الأولاد ويلعبون (✓2)		

Feminine singular verb with non-human plural

Tick	No tick	Note
سبحت (✓2) الأسماك	سبحوا (no tick) الأسماك	

Compound verbal expression

Tick	No tick	Note
كان (✓) يشرب (✓)		

With negative

Tick	No tick	Note
لم يكتب (✓) الوظيفة	يكتب لم (no tick) الوظيفة	

Verb with appropriate possessive pronoun suffix

Tick	No tick	Note
أكلها (✓2) / قرأه (✓2)		

Correct verb within meaningless statement

Tick	No tick	Note
أكل (✓) الولد التفاحة	أكل (no tick) الولد البيت	do not reward correct verb in a meaningless statement

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(a) Imperative

Tick	Note
تعال (✓)، لا تلمس (✓)	

(b) Infinitive

Tick	No tick	Note
أريد (✓) أن أذهب (✓)		
أريد (✓) أن تذهب (no tick)		

(c) Reward only the first occurrence of a verb if verb appears to be in the same form with the same subject, e.g.

- أحب (✓) السّباحة. وأحب (no tick) التنس أيضاً.
- أحب (✓) السّباحة. لا أحب (no tick) التنس.
- أحب (✓) السّباحة. وأخي يحب (✓) التنس أيضاً.

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3.3 – award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features

Generic mark scheme for Other linguistic features (Question 3):

- (i) Award a mark out of 12 for Other linguistic features according to the Grade descriptors in the table below (please see *Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors* (last page of mark scheme)):

Grade descriptors for Other linguistic features (Question 3)

11–12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses a wide range of structures effectively; produces longer, fluent sentences with ease. • Highly accurate at this level, though not necessarily faultless. • Makes effective use of a wide range of vocabulary fully appropriate to the task.
9–10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempts a range of structures with a good degree of success. • More complex language usually error-free. • Uses a variety of relevant vocabulary at this level.
7–8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In control of simple structures. Varied success with more complex structures. • Accuracy is fairly consistent throughout. Errors may occur when more ambitious language is attempted. • Has sufficient vocabulary to add some interest to the writing.
5–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attempts more than basic structures. • On balance the work is more accurate than inaccurate. • Straightforward vocabulary relevant to the task.
3–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reliant on basic structures. • Some examples of correct language. Meaning usually conveyed. • Basic vocabulary.
1–2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A few phrases or short sentences are accurate enough to be comprehensible. Very simple sentence structure.
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One or two disjointed words or short phrases may be recognisable.

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- (ii) Consider the extent to which the following are used correctly and appropriately when assessing the candidate's control of structures:
- Adjectives, including possessives and demonstratives. Also comparatives and superlatives
 - Pronouns other than subject pronouns, e.g. object pronouns (قال لي / قال له) and demonstrative pronouns (هذا / هذه)
 - Negatives
 - Interrogatives
 - Use of correct *iDaafa* construction
 - Linking of nouns with لـ in quasi-possessive construction
 - Case endings for dual (ان / ين)
 - Case endings for sound masculine plural (ون / ين)
 - Use of broken plural
 - Use of accusative *alif* (أ)
 - A variety of prepositions and adverbs (except جداً)
 - Expressions of quantity: time and numbers
 - Linking words (لسوء الحظ، على كل حال etc.) and conjunctions other than و
 - Subordinate clauses, including لأن، الذي، التي (relative pronouns). Indirect or reported speech (قال (قال (ذلك، أظن ذلك). Time clauses with عندما، بينما etc. and إذا
 - Appropriate writing style (e.g. letter, article, narrative/descriptive)
 - Inaccuracies in the writing of hamza (ء) are ignored.
 - Misspelling of proper nouns in the case of a person's name or a town or place other than a country should be tolerated.

[Total mark for Other linguistic features: 12]

[Total for Question 3: 30 marks]

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Note on using mark schemes with Grade descriptors

It is important that you award marks positively. In order to ensure that you reward achievement rather than penalise failure or omissions, you should start at the bottom of the mark scheme and work upwards through the descriptors when awarding marks.

You should adopt a 'best fit' approach. You must select the set of descriptors provided in the mark scheme that most closely describes the quality of the work being marked. As you work upwards through the mark scheme, you will eventually arrive at a set of descriptors that fits the candidate's performance. When you reach this point, you should always then check the descriptors in the band above to confirm whether or not there is just enough evidence to award a mark in the higher band.

For example when marking Question 3 you may find that a candidate uses a variety of relevant vocabulary but has varied success with more complex structures. In such cases, you will need to award a mark that takes into account both the strengths and weaknesses of the piece of work.

To select the most appropriate mark within each set of descriptors, you should use the following guidance:

- If most of the descriptors fit the piece (and after you have considered the band above), then you will award the top mark in the band.
- If there is just enough evidence (and you had perhaps been considering the band below), then you would award the lowest mark in the band.

Note on irrelevant material

In the case of a deliberately evasive answer which consists entirely of irrelevant material exploited in defiance of the rubric, a score of 0 is given. These are extremely rare. The genuine attempt to answer the question which fails due to a misunderstanding of the rubric will normally lose Communication marks but will score for Language. You should consult your Team Leader.